Anchor Bay School District



Year Ended June 30, 2023 Financial
Statements and
Single Audit Act
Compliance



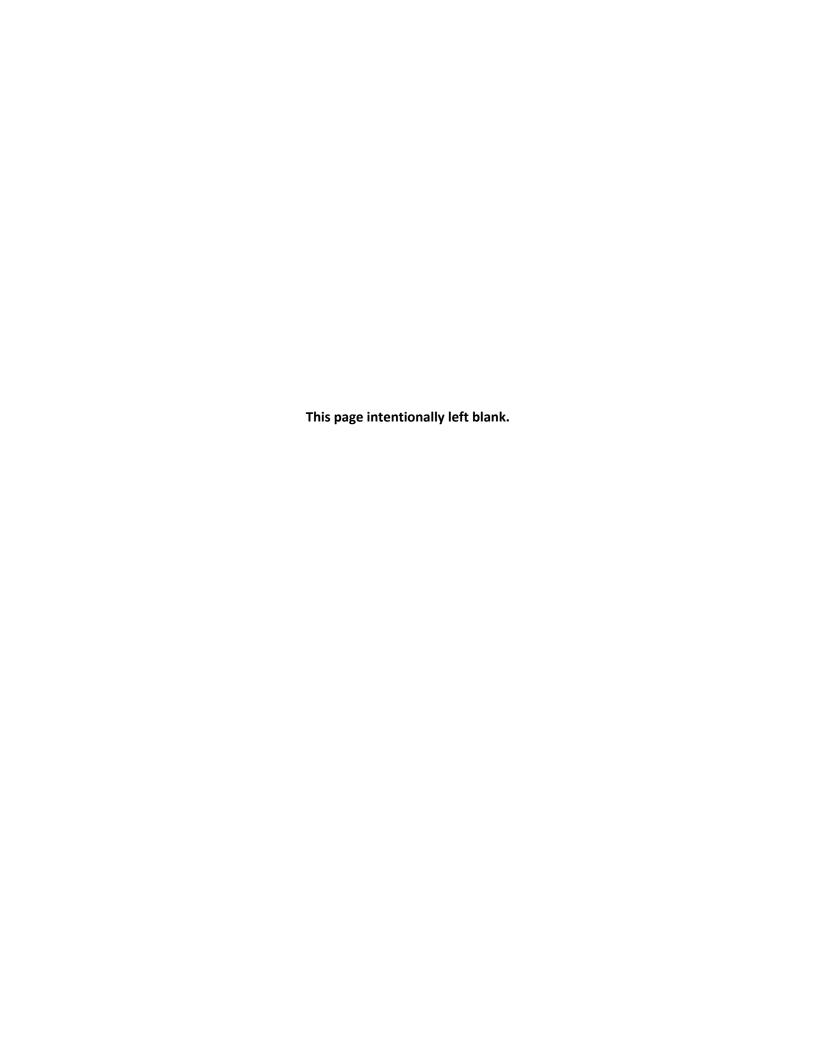


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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

October 11, 2023

Board of Education Anchor Bay School District Casco Township, Michigan

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Anchor Bay School District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the budgetary comparison of the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Independent Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Independent Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- · identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- · conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the schedules for the pension and other postemployment benefit plan, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the financial statements. The other information comprises the schedule of outstanding bond indebtedness but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 11, 2023, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rehmann Loharn LLC

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of Anchor Bay School District, we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

Financial Highlights

	Total net position (deficit)	\$ (106,216,512)
	Change in total net position	16,391,529
	Fund balances, governmental funds	39,292,123
	Change in fund balances, governmental funds	28,157,421
	Unassigned fund balance, general fund	10,473,599
	Change in fund balance, general fund	4,036,173
•	General obligation bonds outstanding	159,120,000
•	Change in general obligation bonds	15,020,000
•	Capital assets, net	153,823,814

Overview of the Financial Statements

The discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the net reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, supporting services, community service, food service and student operations.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District are governmental funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. This is limited to this management's discussion and analysis and the schedules for the MPSERS pension and other postemployment benefit plans immediately following the notes to the financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$106,216,512 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Net position invested in capital assets, net of related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets, amounted to \$17,332,647 at June 30, 2023. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to the students it serves; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

	Net Position				
	Governmental Activities				
		2023		2022	
Current and other assets	\$	49,374,224	\$	21,423,247	
Capital assets, net		153,823,814		155,537,080	
Total assets		203,198,038		176,960,327	
Deferred outflows of resources	51,903,886			29,501,101	
Current and other liabilities		10,852,813		10,880,002	
Long-term liabilities		327,565,513		265,622,702	
Total liabilities		338,418,326	276,502,704		
Deferred inflows of resources		22,900,110		52,566,765	
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets		17,332,647		13,040,052	
Restricted		1,213,165		1,336,036	
Unrestricted (deficit)		(124,762,324)		(136,984,129)	
Total net position	\$ (106,216,512) \$ (122,608				

The District is required to report its proportionate share of the MPSERS net pension liability of \$133,458,132 and net other postemployment benefits liability of \$7,148,438 as presented on the statement of net position. This requirement directly effects the District's net position as of year end, which was a deficit of \$106,216,512.

Restricted net position represents amounts subject to external restrictions such as amounts restricted for food service. The District also reported a deficit of \$124,762,324 as unrestricted net position. The negative balance is mainly related to the District's proportionate share of the MPSERS net pension liability, net other postemployment benefit liability and the school loan revolving fund.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

	Changes in Net Position				
	Governmental Activities				
		2023		2022	
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	5,240,481	\$	3,581,656	
Operating grants and contributions		28,803,972		23,910,067	
General revenues:					
Property taxes		20,147,362		19,132,781	
Unrestricted state aid		45,109,199		42,587,184	
Other general revenues		511,959		179,531	
Total revenues		99,812,973		89,391,219	
Expenses:					
Instruction		41,824,366		36,060,639	
Supporting services		25,815,152		21,458,116	
Community service		1,145,356		594,798	
Food service		2,776,976		2,943,685	
International programs		-		1,251	
Student operations		2,179,448		1,651,727	
Interest on long-term liabilities		4,185,932		4,675,209	
Unallocated depreciation/amortization		5,494,214		5,602,669	
Total expenses		83,421,444		72,988,094	
Change in net position		16,391,529		16,403,125	
- ·					
Net position, beginning of year		(122,608,041)		(139,011,166)	
Net position, end of year	\$ ((106,216,512)	\$	(122,608,041)	

The District's net position increased by \$16,391,529 during the current year as compared to an increase of \$16,403,125 in the previous year. The changes in the net position are primarily related to the District's increased state and federal funding.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$39,292,123, an increase of \$28,157,421 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 27% of this total amount (\$10,473,599) is unassigned fund balance. The remainder of fund balance is nonspendable because the underlying assets are included in inventory and prepaid items, is committed for student activities or student operations, or is restricted for food service, capital projects or debt service, and not available for current expenditure.

General Fund. The general fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$10,473,599, while the total fund balance for the general fund was \$11,121,139. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it is useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total general fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents approximately 14% of total general fund expenditures. This percentage is higher than in 2021-2022.

The fund balance of the District's general fund increased by \$4,036,173, during the current fiscal year. The unassigned fund balance increased by \$3,518,507. The increase to fund balance is the result of a number of factors including: increased federal grants related to COVID and unfinished learning, steady pupil enrollment, and a significant increase in state funding for both categorical grants and the per pupil foundation allowance.

Capital Projects funds. Fund balance of \$25,966,589 is restricted for projects approved by the voters of the District. In November of 2022, the voters approved \$169,300,000 in new capital projects funds. The debt issuance will be split into five separate series, the first of which was issued on February 8, 2023 in the amount of \$27,500,000. The District is using the funds for the following major projects: building upgrades, HVAC controls, upgraded security systems, new technology, paving and other site work, building additions and the purchase of school buses. Thanks to the support of our community, the District will have the resources to ensure the safety of our students, maintain and expand our buildings and facilities, and achieve the educational goals outlined in the District's strategic plan.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The District revises its budget throughout the school year to reflect changes in the assumptions made during budget development when actual data becomes available for both revenue and expenditures. Typically, budget adjustments are required to reflect changes in student counts, staffing levels, unanticipated changes in costs, and grant award assumptions. These preliminary assumptions are incorporated into the budget that is required by state law to be approved by the Anchor Bay School District, Board of Education by July 1 of each year. The State Legislatures' fiscal year does not begin until October 1 of that same year. This discrepancy makes it difficult to approve a budget without all of the necessary information for the budget development process.

Our elected District officials and school administration must account for many factors during the development of the District budget. Over the course of the year, the School District revises its budget to reflect changes as actual data becomes available. State Law requires that budget amendments be formally adopted to ensure that expenditures do not exceed appropriations. The School District amended the budget during the 2022/2023 fiscal year. The final amendment to the Budget was adopted in June 2023. A statement showing the District's original and final budget amounts compared to actual is provided in the financial statements with the accompanying notes as required.

The general fund actual revenue and other financing sources was \$79,274,701. That amount is less than the final budget estimate of \$79,281,383. The variance was \$6,682, or 0.01%.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The actual expenditures and other financing uses of the general fund were \$75,238,528, which is below the final budget estimate of \$76,432,375. The variance was \$1,193,847, or 1.56%. The primary contributing factors underlying the variance include: retirement expenditures were less than budgeted and expenditures related to the operations of the District were less than the amounts included in the final budget.

Revenues increased by \$8,959,795 between the original and final budgets during the year. The amount budgeted for state revenue increased \$7 million from the original budget to the final budget. Reasons for the increase include increased pupil enrollment over the amount originally budgeted and increased state grant funding unknown to the District at the time of budget development. Additionally, the District received a one-time retirement cost offset payment of approximately \$3.3 million dollars that was not awarded by the State until long after the original budget was approved. Budgeted federal revenues also increased over \$2 million between the original and final budget. The increase occurred as a result of timing. A large federal grant had not been approved by the State at the time the original budget was approved. Upon approval by the State, the federal grant was added to the final budget.

Expenditures were increased by \$6,756,305 between the original and final budgets during the year. As described in the paragraph above, the increase in enrollment over expected required the District to increase spending to accommodate the additional students. Further, additional grant funding allowed for the District to spend additional funds to address learning loss, mental health, and the safety and security of students. Finally, as referenced in the paragraph above, the budgeted expenditures were increased \$3.3 million to reflect the pass through one-time retirement offset funding awarded by the State. All of these additional expenditures are reflected in the final budget.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2023, amounted to \$153,823,814 (net of accumulated depreciation/amortization). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, site improvements, furniture and equipment, buses, vehicles and leased equipment. This reflects a decrease of \$1,713,266 from the previous year.

Depreciation/amortization expense was recognized in the amount of \$5,494,214 and shown as unallocated on the statement of activities.

	Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation/Amortization)				
		2023		2022	
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$	4,096,511	\$	3,839,025	
Construction in progress		1,093,998		-	
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized:					
Buildings and improvements		142,018,979		146,612,082	
Site improvements		1,360,451		1,406,308	
Furniture and equipment		2,792,955		2,269,866	
Buses		2,106,916		1,217,928	
Vehicles		269,066		116,206	
Leased equipment	84,938 75,665				
Total capital assets, net	\$ 153,823,814 \$ 155,537,080				

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in note 6 to the financial statements.

Long-term Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the District had total general obligation bonds outstanding of \$159,120,000 in addition to borrowings from the School Loan Revolving Fund of \$22,060,795.

As of June 2023, Standard & Poor's Ratings Services rating was AA. This rating reflects the stable financial position of the District and represents the capacity of the District to meet it's financial obligations. The District is committed to the strong financial management practices and shared fiscal responsibilities by its elected officials and district administration.

The District's total bonded long-term debt increased by \$37,925,000 (approximately 23.83%) during the current fiscal year primarily due to the issuance of the new debt to finance the 2023 capital projects.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in note 9 to the financial statements.

Factors Bearing on the District's Future

The following factors were also considered in preparing the District's budget for the 2023-24 fiscal year:

- The District's revenue is heavily dependent on state funding and the financial growth of the State's School Aid Fund to support school district operations. At the time of the budget adoption the State School Aid Act for 2023-2024, still had not been approved, so the Board of Education along with District administration had to make many reasonable assumptions while developing the 2023-2024 original budget. These assumptions were considered while taking into account proposals from the Governor, the House, and the Senate, as well as information provided from the May Consensus Revenue Estimating Conference (CREC), along with financial updates given by the Michigan Department of Education (MDE) and the Michigan School Business Officials (MSBO).
- · Pupil Foundation Allowance assumptions were taken into consideration by the Board of Education and Administration. Both agreed to an increase of per pupil foundation by \$450 per pupil, to a foundation allowance of \$9,600 per pupil for the 2023-2024 fiscal year. The final foundation allowance from the State resulted in an increase to the pupil foundation allowance of \$458 per pupil.
- The 2023-2024 budget was adopted in June 2023 based on an early preliminary estimate of students who will enroll by September 2023, the fall pupil count day is October 4th. State foundation revenue is determined by multiplying the blended student count by the foundation allowance amount per pupil. The pupil count funding formula for the 2023-2024 fiscal year was based on 10 percent of the February 2023 count and 90 percent of the October 2023 student count. The 2023-2024 budget was based on the assumption of 5,330 pupils, which reflects a loss of 94 students for the 2023-2024 school year.
- The continuing cost of health insurance to current and potential retirees continues to drive the rate increase the Michigan School Employees Retirement System recommends to the legislature for approval. In 2023-2024, the normal pension rate is anticipated to increase to 30.09 percent, and the District will be required to pay 16.89 percent for the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) as of October 1, 2023. The overall retirement rate was budgeted at 46.98 percent to reflect the retirement expense the District has to pay out on behalf of all of the staff and the different retirement plans that they choose. This represents an increase of 2.1 percent to the retirement rate. Additional cost pressures continue to arise relative to increases in utilities, and the overall increased costs to maintain the School District's facilities and fleet.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Business Office, 5201 County Line Road, Suite 100, Casco, Michigan 48064.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 647,835
Investments	33,729,507
Receivables	14,306,181
Prepaid items and other assets	690,701
Capital assets not being depreciated	5,190,509
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized, net	148,633,305
Total assets	203,198,038
Deferred outflows of resources	
Deferred charge on refunding	1,293,268
Deferred pension amounts	40,732,356
Deferred other postemployment benefit amounts	9,878,262
Total deferred outflows of resources	51,903,886
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	8,648,293
State aid note payable	1,136,182
Unearned revenue	1,068,338
Bonds, notes and other long-term liabilities	, ,
Due within one year	8,764,173
Due in more than one year	178,194,770
Net pension liability (due in more than one year)	133,458,132
Net other postemployment benefit liability (due in more than one year)	7,148,438
Total liabilities	338,418,326
Deferred inflows of resources	
Deferred lease amounts	106,828
Deferred pension amounts	6,101,908
Deferred other postemployment benefit amounts	16,691,374
Total deferred inflows of resources	22,900,110
Net position	
Net investment in capital assets	17,332,647
Restricted for food service	1,213,165
Unrestricted (deficit)	(124,762,324)
Total net position	\$ (106,216,512)

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

				Program								
Functions / Programs		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Charges or Services				Net (Expense) Revenue
Governmental activities												
Instruction	\$	41,824,366	\$	763,829	\$	26,973,782	\$	(14,086,755)				
Supporting services	,	25,815,152	,	497,232	,		,	(25,317,920)				
Community service		1,145,356		534,727		-		(610,629)				
Food service		2,776,976		1,295,618		1,830,190		348,832				
Student operations		2,179,448		2,149,075		-		(30,373)				
Interest on long-term debt		4,185,932		-		-		(4,185,932)				
Unallocated depreciation		5,494,214				-		(5,494,214)				
Total governmental activities	\$	83,421,444	\$	5,240,481	\$	28,803,972	-	(49,376,991)				
	Gen	neral revenues										
		operty taxes						20,147,362				
		nrestricted stat						45,109,199				
		nrestricted inve		_				435,796				
		ain on sale of c	apital	assets				898				
	Ot	ther					_	75,265				
	Tota	al general reve	nues					65,768,520				
	Cha	nge in net pos	ition					16,391,529				
	Net position, beginning of year							(122,608,041)				
	Net	position, end	of yea	ar			\$	(106,216,512)				

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	General Fund	Ca	2023 pital Projects Fund	Nonmajor vernmental Funds	Totals
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 351,493	\$	-	\$ 296,342	\$ 647,835
Investments	5,544,914		25,845,742	2,338,851	33,729,507
Accounts receivable	55,024		-	3,828	58,852
Leases receivable	106,828		-	-	106,828
Due from other funds	-		-	47,195	47,195
Due from other governments	14,119,077		-	21,424	14,140,501
Inventory	-		-	43,161	43,161
Prepaid items	647,540		-	-	647,540
Total assets	\$ 20,824,876	\$	25,845,742	\$ 2,750,801	\$ 49,421,419
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 515,179	\$	246,820	\$ 27,422	\$ 789,421
Accrued liabilities	1,994,261		-	3,231	1,997,492
Salaries and benefits payable	3,522,357		-	6,179	3,528,536
Due to other governments	1,455,304		-	-	1,455,304
Due to other funds	_		-	47,195	47,195
State aid note payable	1,136,182		-	-	1,136,182
Unearned revenue	973,626		-	94,712	1,068,338
Total liabilities	 9,596,909		246,820	 178,739	 10,022,468
Deferred inflows of resources					
Deferred lease amounts	 106,828		-	 -	 106,828
Fund balances					
Nonspendable:					
Inventory	_		_	43,161	43,161
Prepaid items	647,540		_	-	647,540
Restricted for:	0 11 /0 10				0 17,0 10
Food service	_		_	1,182,010	1,182,010
Capital projects	_		25,598,922	367,667	25,966,589
Debt service	_		-	188,114	188,114
Committed for:				100,111	100,11.
Student activities	_		_	655,284	655,284
Student operations	_		_	135,826	135,826
Unassigned	10,473,599		_	-	10,473,599
011033,8.1.00	 10,170,000				 10, 17 0,000
Total fund balances	 11,121,139		25,598,922	 2,572,062	 39,292,123
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of					
resources and fund balances	\$ 20,824,876	\$	25,845,742	\$ 2,750,801	\$ 49,421,419

Reconciliation

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2023

Fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 39,292,123

Amounts reported for *governmental activities* in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Capital assets not being depreciated	5,190,509
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized, net	148,633,305

Certain liabilities, such as bonds payable, are not due and payable

in the current period, and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Bonds, notes and other long-term liabilities	(181,236,094)
Unamortized deferred charge on refunding	1,293,268
Unamortized bond premium	(4,653,007)
Unamortized bond discount	77,282
Accrued interest on bonds payable	(877,540)
Compensated absences and employee severance plan payable	(1,147,124)

Certain pension and other postemployment benefit-related amounts, such as the net pension liability, net other postemployment benefit liability and deferred amounts are not due and payable in the current period or do not represent current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Net pension liability	(133,458,132)
Deferred outflows related to the net pension liability	40,732,356
Deferred inflows related to the net pension liability	(6,101,908)
Net other postemployment benefit liability	(7,148,438)
Deferred outflows related to the net other postemployment benefit liability	9,878,262
Deferred inflows related to the net other postemployment benefit liability	(16,691,374)

Net position of governmental activities \$ (106,216,512)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		General	Са	2023 pital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Totals
Revenues							
Local sources	\$	6,987,650	\$	196	\$	18,881,189	\$ 25,869,035
State sources		60,614,484		-		165,592	60,780,076
Federal sources		8,588,629		-		1,664,598	10,253,227
Other sources		2,909,737					 2,909,737
Total revenues		79,100,500		196		20,711,379	 99,812,075
Expenditures							
Current:							
Instruction		45,768,186		-		-	45,768,186
Student services		4,434,468		-		-	4,434,468
Instructional support		3,265,907		-		-	3,265,907
General administration		942,120		-		-	942,120
School administration		4,705,691		-		-	4,705,691
Business administration		829,302		-		-	829,302
Operation and maintenance		7,459,018		-		-	7,459,018
Transportation		3,961,964		-		-	3,961,964
Support services - other		1,860,639		-		-	1,860,639
Community service		1,194,943		-		-	1,194,943
Food service		-		-		2,889,369	2,889,369
Student operations		-		-		40,723	40,723
Student activities		-		-		2,138,725	2,138,725
Debt service:							
Principal		28,244		-		11,484,173	11,512,417
Interest and fiscal charges		1,257		-		3,922,468	3,923,725
Bond issuance costs		-		375,271		295,672	670,943
Capital outlay		786,789		2,033,612		1,554,193	 4,374,594
Total expenditures		75,238,528		2,408,883		22,325,323	 99,972,734
Revenues over (under) expenditures		3,861,972		(2,408,687)		(1,613,944)	 (160,659)
Other financing sources (uses) Issuance of long-term debt and other							
long-term liabilities		13,237		26,435,000		20,740,000	47,188,237
Premium on issuance of long-term debt		13,237		1,572,609		2,734,681	4,307,290
Payment to escrow agent				1,372,009		(23,178,345)	(23,178,345)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		898		-		(23,176,343)	898
Transfers in				-		-	160,066
Transfers out		160,066		-		(160,066)	
Transfers out	-	-	-	-		(160,066)	 (160,066)
Total other financing sources (uses)		174,201		28,007,609		136,270	 28,318,080
Net change in fund balances		4,036,173		25,598,922		(1,477,674)	28,157,421
Fund balances, beginning of year		7,084,966				4,049,736	 11,134,702
Fund balances, end of year	\$	11,121,139	\$	25,598,922	\$	2,572,062	\$ 39,292,123

Reconciliation

Net Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 28,157,421

Amounts reported for *governmental activities* in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the
statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their
estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation/amortization expense.
Capital assets purchased/constructed

Capital assets purchased/constructed 3,780,948

Depreciation/amortization expense (5,494,214)

Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds in the period issued, but issuing bonds increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

Issuance of long-term debt and other long-term liabilities	(47,188,237)
Premium on issuance of long-term debt	(4,307,290)
Payment to escrow agent	23,178,345
Amortization of premium	457,496
Amortization of discount	(3,220)
Amortization of deferred charge on refunding	243,932
Principal payments on bonds, notes and other long-term liabilities	11,512,417

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Change in net pension liability and related deferred amounts	(98,480)
Change in net other postemployment benefit liability and related deferred amounts	5,778,865
Change in accrued interest payable on bonds and loans	(289,472)
Change in the accrual for compensated absences and employee severance plan	663,018

Change in net position of governmental activities \$ 16,391,529

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Final Budget Budget			Actual		Over (Under) Final Budget		
Revenues								
Local sources	\$ 6,	842,032	\$	6,932,827	\$	6,987,650	\$	54,823
State sources	53,	751,719		60,719,441		60,614,484		(104,957)
Federal sources	6,	467,283		8,557,976		8,588,629		30,653
Other sources	3,	086,352		2,896,937		2,909,737		12,800
Total revenues	70,	147,386	· 	79,107,181		79,100,500		(6,681)
Expenditures								
Current:								
Instruction	40,	930,797		46,193,557		45,768,186		(425,371)
Student services	4,	126,491		4,369,234		4,434,468		65,234
Instructional support	3,	111,973		3,396,301		3,265,907		(130,394)
General administration	1,	184,135		1,014,577		942,120		(72,457)
School administration	4,	852,336		4,865,043		4,705,691		(159,352)
Business administration		800,041		887,755		829,302		(58,453)
Operation and maintenance	6,	691,665		7,738,706		7,459,018		(279,688)
Transportation	3,	926,644		4,187,267		3,961,964		(225,303)
Support services - other	1,	620,010		1,961,697		1,860,639		(101,058)
Community service	1,	079,281		1,222,930		1,194,943		(27,987)
Debt service:								
Principal		-		28,235		28,244		9
Interest and fiscal charges		-		132		1,257		1,125
Capital outlay	1,	322,614		536,858		786,789		249,931
Total expenditures	69,	645,987		76,402,292		75,238,528		(1,163,764)
Revenues over expenditures		501,399		2,704,889		3,861,972		1,157,083
Other financing sources (uses)								
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		898		898		-
Issuance of other long-term liabilities		-		13,237		13,237		-
Transfers in		140,000		160,067		160,066		(1)
Transfers out		(13,791)		(30,083)				(30,083)
Total other financing sources (uses)		126,209		144,119		174,201		30,082
Net change in fund balance		627,608		2,849,008		4,036,173		1,187,165
Fund balance, beginning of year	7,	084,966	· 	7,084,966		7,084,966		
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 7,	712,574	\$	9,933,974	\$	11,121,139	\$	1,187,165

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Notes to Financial Statements

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

Anchor Bay School District (the "District") is governed by an elected seven-member Board of Education. The accompanying basic financial statements have been prepared in accordance with criteria established by the GASB for determining the various governmental organizations to be included in the reporting entity. The District has determined that no entities should be consolidated into its basic financial statements as component units. Therefore, the reporting entity consists of the primary government financial statements only. The criteria for including a component unit include significant operational or financial relationships with the District.

The District receives funding from local, state, federal and interdistrict government sources and must comply with the accompanying requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" body that has separate legal standing and is fiscally independent of the governmental entities. As such, the Board of Education has decision-making authority, the authority to levy taxes, and determine its budget, the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The District had no business-type activities during the current year.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Notes to Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenue, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The District reports the following major governmental fund:

The general fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for and reported in another fund.

The 2023 capital projects fund is used to record bond proceeds or other revenue and the disbursement of funds specifically designated for acquiring new school sites, buildings, equipment, and for remodeling and repairs. The fund operates until the purpose for which it was created is accomplished.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

The *special revenue funds* are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

The *debt service funds* are used to account for all financial resources restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

The *capital projects fund* is used to record bond proceeds or other revenue and the disbursement of funds specifically designated for acquiring new school sites, buildings, equipment, and for remodeling and repairs. The fund operates until the purpose for which it was created is accomplished.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

The effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Equity

Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments are reported at fair value, except for the District's investments in the Michigan Liquid Assets Fund (MILAF), which are recorded at amortized cost.

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans).

The District follows the practice of recording revenues that have been earned but not yet received as receivables. Receivables consist primarily of State Aid payments from the State of Michigan and Federal grant funds earned but not yet collected. No amounts have been identified as potentially uncollectible by management, and therefore, no amount has been recorded as a provision for bad debts.

Accounts payable and other payables reflected in the financial statements are based on when the liability is incurred.

Inventory and Prepaid Items

Inventories are stated at cost using the first-in, first-out method, and consist primarily of food, cafeteria supplies and teaching supplies. USDA donated commodities in the food service fund are recorded at fair value. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition cost at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Notes to Financial Statements

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Capital assets of the District are depreciated/amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Buildings and improvements	25-50
Site improvements	20-50
Furniture and equipment	5-10
Vehicles and buses	5-10

Leases

Lessee. The District is a lessee for noncancellable leases of equipment. The District recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements. The District recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the District initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments. The District uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the District generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases. The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price (if applicable) that the District is reasonably certain to exercise.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lessor. The District is a lessor for a noncancellable lease of a building. The District recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the District initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for prepaid lease payments received at lease inception. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Notes to Financial Statements

Key estimates and judgments include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts. The District uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases. The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease receivable if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District reports deferred outflows for the charge on refunding. This amount represents the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The District also reports deferred outflows of resources related to the net pension liability and the net other postemployment benefit liability. A portion of these costs represent contributions to the plan subsequent to the plan measurement date.

Unearned Revenue

The District reports unearned revenue on its governmental funds balance sheet. Unearned revenues also arise when the District receives resources before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the statement of net position and the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Compensated Absences and Early Retirement Benefits

Sick days are earned by most employees at the rate of one day per month. The quantity of sick days an employee may accumulate is determined by their job category, ranging from eighteen to seventy-five days. Retiring employees who meet certain age and years of service requirements are paid for accumulated sick days to a maximum number of days and at a rate determined by their job category. There is no contractual provision for payment of unused vacation, other than the payment of prorated used vacation days earned during the year of the termination.

The liability for compensated absences reported in the government-wide statements consists of earned but unused accumulated vacation, sick leave, and severance benefits. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds as it comes due for payment. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts are included both for employees who are currently eligible to receive termination payments and for other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination.

Notes to Financial Statements

Amounts due to retired employees who are currently eligible to receive early retirement incentives are reported as a liability on the statement of net position. The early retirement benefits consist of early retirement incentive cash payments provided to eligible employees for five years following retirement.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. Where applicable, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District's deferred inflows of resources related to pension and other postemployment benefit costs. A portion of these costs represent contributions to the plan subsequent to the plan measurement date. The statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheet report deferred inflows related to leases. The amounts are deferred and amortized over the remaining life of the lease.

Fund Equity

Governmental funds report nonspendable fund balance for amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balance is reported when externally imposed constraints are placed on the use of the resources by grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Committed fund balance, if any, is reported for amounts that can be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority, the Board of Education. A formal resolution of the Board of Education is required to establish, modify or rescind a fund balance commitment. The District reports assigned fund balance for amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The Board of Education has delegated the authority to assign fund balance to the Superintendent or his/her designee. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund.

When the District incurs an expenditure for purposes for which various fund balance classifications can be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted fund balance first, then committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and finally unassigned fund balance.

Notes to Financial Statements

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of net position.

Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net pension and other postemployment benefit liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension and other postemployment benefits, and pension and other postemployment benefit expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plan and additions to/deductions from the plan fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The general and special revenue funds are under formal budgetary control. Budgets shown in the financial statements are adopted annually on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), and are not significantly different from the modified accrual basis used to reflect actual results, and consist only of those amounts contained in the formal budget as originally adopted or as amended by the Board of Education. The budgets for the general and special revenue funds are adopted on a functional basis. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

3. COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the District incurred expenditures in excess of the amounts appropriated at the legal level of budgetary control as follows:

	Fii	nal Budget	Actual		Variance	
General fund						
Current -						
Student services	\$	4,369,234	\$ 4,434,468	\$	65,234	
Debt service:						
Principal		28,235	28,244		9	
Interest and fiscal charges		132	1,257		1,125	
Capital outlay		536,858	786,789		249,931	

Notes to Financial Statements

2019 and 2023 Capital Projects Funds

The 2019 and 2023 capital projects funds account for activities funded by school building and site bonds. For these funds, the District has complied with the applicable provisions of Section 1351a of the Revised School Code and the applicable section of the Revised Bulletin for School District Audits of Bonded Construction Funds and Sinking Funds in Michigan.

4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A reconciliation of cash and investments as shown on the Statement of Net Position follows:

Statement of Net Position

Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 647,835 33,729,507
Total	\$ 34,377,342
Deposits and investments Cash on hand Bank deposits (checking/savings accounts and CD's) Investments	\$ 2,000 645,835 33,729,507
Total	\$ 34,377,342

Statutory Authority

State statutes authorize the District to invest in:

Bonds, bills, or notes of the United States; obligations, the principal and interest of which are fully guaranteed by the United States; or obligations of the State. In a primary or fourth class school district, the bonds, bills, or notes shall be payable at the option of the holder upon not more than 90 days notice or, if not so payable, shall have maturity dates not more than 5 years after the purchase dates.

Certificates of deposit insured by a State or national bank, savings accounts of a state or federal savings and loan association, or certificates of deposit or share certificates of a state or federal credit union organized and authorized to operate in this State.

Commercial paper rated prime at the time of purchase and maturing not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.

Securities issued or guaranteed by agencies or instrumentalities of the United States government or federal agency obligation repurchase agreements, and bankers' acceptance issued by a bank that is a member of the federal deposit insurance corporation.

Mutual funds composed entirely of investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by a school district.

Notes to Financial Statements

Investment pools, as authorized by the surplus funds investment pool act, composed entirely of instruments that are legal for direct investment by a school district.

The District's investment policy allows for all of these types of investments.

The District chooses to disclose its investments by specific identification. As of year end, the District had the following investments:

Investment	Fair Value/ Amortized Cost
Michigan Liquid Asset Fund (MILAF)	\$ 7,884,666
U.S. treasuries	4,653,139
U.S. agencies	17,442,634
Commercial paper	2,577,888
Money market funds	1,171,180
	\$ 33,729,507

Investment and Deposit Risk

Interest Rate Risk. State law limits the allowable investments and the maturities of some of the allowable investments as identified in the list of authorized investments above. The District's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. Investments held at year end with stated maturity dates are summarized as follows:

	Due in less	Due in 1-5	
Investment	than 1 year	years	Total
U.S. treasuries	\$ 1,431,692	\$ 3,221,447	\$ 4,653,139
U.S. agencies	3,866,725	13,575,909	17,442,634
Commercial paper	2,577,888		2,577,888
	\$ 7,876,305	\$ 16,797,356	\$ 24,673,661

Notes to Financial Statements

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to specific government securities, certificates of deposits and bank accounts with qualified financial institutions, commercial paper with specific maximum maturities and ratings when purchased, bankers acceptances of specific financial institutions, qualified mutual funds and qualified external investment pools as identified in the list of authorized investments above. The District's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment credit risk. The ratings for each investment are identified above for investments held at year end. As of June 30, 2023, the District's investments were rated by Standard & Poors as follows:

AAAm	\$ 7,884,666
AA+	15,734,355
Not rated	10,110,486

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. State law does not require and the District does not have a policy for deposit

custodial credit risk. As of year end, \$1,547,388 of the District's bank balance of \$1,797,388 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

\$ 33,729,507

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State law does not require and the District does not have a policy for investment custodial credit risk. The investments listed above are not subject to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk. State law limits allowable investments but does not limit concentration of credit risk as identified in the list of authorized investments above. The District's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on concentration of credit risk. All of the District's investments are identified above.

Fair Value

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The District's recurring fair value measurement as of June 30, 2023 for its investments in U.S. treasuries, U.S. agencies and commercial paper are valued using significant other observable inputs of the underlying securities and bonds (Level 2 inputs).

Notes to Financial Statements

5. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year end for the District's individual major funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, are as follows:

	Ge	eneral	Gove	nmajor rnmental unds		Totals
Accounts receivable Leases receivable Due from other governments	\$ 14,	55,024 106,828 .119,077	\$	3,828 - 21,424	\$	58,852 106,828 4,140,501
	\$ 14,	.280,929	\$	25,252	\$ 1	4,306,181

Notes to Financial Statements

6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 3,839,025	\$ 257,486	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,096,511
Construction in progress	-	1,093,998	-	-	1,093,998
Total capital assets					
not being depreciated	3,839,025	1,351,484			5,190,509
Capital assets being depreciated/amort	izad:				
Buildings and improvements	224,984,540	81,408	(23,395)	-	225,042,553
Site improvements	1,849,511	34,830	(177,720)	-	1,706,621
Furniture and equipment	10,126,998	906,683	(4,233,375)	_	6,800,306
Buses	5,411,229	1,198,394	(2,447,210)	-	4,162,413
Vehicles	453,660	194,912	(203,985)	-	444,587
Leased equipment (Note 11)	98,086	13,237	-	-	111,323
, ,	242,924,024	2,429,464	(7,085,685)	-	238,267,803
Less accumulated depreciation/amortiz	ation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(78,372,458)	(4,674,511)	23,395	-	(83,023,574)
Site improvements	(443,203)	(80,687)	177,720	-	(346,170)
Furniture and equipment	(7,857,132)	(383,594)	4,233,375	_	(4,007,351)
Buses	(4,193,301)	(309,406)	2,447,210	-	(2,055,497)
Vehicles	(337,454)	(42,052)	203,985	-	(175,521)
Leased equipment (Note 11)	(22,421)	(3,964)	-	-	(26,385)
, ,	(91,225,969)	(5,494,214)	7,085,685	-	(89,634,498)
Takal and that accepts to the					
Total capital assets being	151 600 055	(2.064.750)			149 622 205
depreciated/amortized, net	151,698,055	(3,064,750)			148,633,305
Governmental activities					
capital assets, net	\$ 155,537,080	\$ (1,713,266)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 153,823,814

Depreciation/amortization expense of \$5,494,214 is reported as "unallocated depreciation," and not allocated to individual functions.

Notes to Financial Statements

7. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities as of year end for the District's individual major funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, are as follows:

		2023 Capital	Nonmajor Governmental	
	General	Projects	Funds	Totals
Fund Financial Statements:				
Accounts payable	\$ 515,179	246,820	\$ 27,422	\$ 789,421
Accrued liabilities	1,994,261	-	3,231	1,997,492
Salaries and benefits payable	3,522,357	-	6,179	3,528,536
Due to other governments	1,455,304			1,455,304
	\$ 7,487,101	\$ 246,820	\$ 36,832	7,770,753
	Govern	ment-wide Finan	cial Statements -	
	Acc	rued interest on I	ong-term debt	877,540
				\$ 8,648,293

Notes to Financial Statements

8. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

For the year ended June 30, 2023, interfund receivables and payables consisted of an interfund in the amount of \$47,195 between the food service fund and the 2019 capital projects fund for a reimbursable expenditure.

The District reports interfund balances between certain funds. The sum of all balances presented in the tables above agrees with the sum of interfund balances presented in the balance sheet for governmental funds. These interfund balances resulted primarily from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, interfund transfers consisted of the following:

	Tra	nsfers out	Transfers in		
General fund Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	- 160,066	\$	160,066	
	\$	160,066	\$	160,066	

Transfers are used to: (1) move revenues from the fund that is required to collect them to the fund that is required or allowed to expend them; (2) move receipts restricted to or allowed for debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due; and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District transferred funds from the food service fund to the general fund for indirect costs, and transferred funds from the international programs fund to the general fund to close out the fund as appropriate.

Notes to Financial Statements

9. BONDS, NOTES AND OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Refunding	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
General obligation bonds Direct borrowings/placements - School bond loan and	\$ 144,100,000	\$ 47,175,000	\$ (9,250,000)	\$ (22,905,000)	\$ 159,120,000	\$ 7,630,000
revolving funds	24,291,579	819,216	(3,050,000)	-	22,060,795	-
Leases payable (Note 11)	70,306	13,237	(28,244)	-	55,299	22,940
Unamortized bond premium	1,020,062	4,307,290	(457,496)	(216,849)	4,653,007	435,811
Unamortized bond discount	(80,502)	-	3,220	-	(77,282)	(3,220)
Employee Severance Plan and						
compensated absences	1,810,142	15,624	(678,642)	-	1,147,124	678,642
Total long-term debt	\$ 171,211,587	\$ 52,330,367	\$ (13,461,162)	\$ (23,121,849)	\$ 186,958,943	\$ 8,764,173

Bonds payable consist of the following issues:

General obligation bonds

2016 Bond Refunding Serial Bonds A, due in annual installments of \$1,100,000 to \$2,515,000 due May 1, 2025, interest at 5.00%.	\$	4,955,000
2017 School Building and Site Bonds, due in annual installments of \$510,000 to \$2,635,000 with payments commencing November 1, 2021 and final payment due May 1, 2047, interest at 3.00% to 3.38%.		8,295,000
2019 School Building and Site Bonds, due in annual installments of \$370,000 to \$1,690,000 with payments commencing May 1, 2023 and final payments due May 1, 2048, interest at 3.00% to 5.00%.		9,915,000
2020 Bond Refunding Serial Bonds, due in annual installments of \$3,380,000 to \$10,355,000 due May 1, 2034, interest at 1.00% to 2.31%.		88,780,000
2023 School Building and Site and Refunding Bonds, due in annual installments of \$1,600,000 to \$4,895,000 due May 1, 2044, interest at 4.125% to 5.000%.		47,175,000
Total general obligation bonds	\$ 2	159,120,000

Notes to Financial Statements

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029-2033 2034-2038 2039-2043 2044-2048	\$ 7,630,000 7,840,000 9,600,000 11,185,000 10,975,000 60,660,000 24,640,000 18,145,000 8,445,000	\$ 4,671,997 4,474,172 4,301,419 4,087,483 3,828,029 14,038,425 7,483,682 3,665,847 660,620	\$ 12,301,997 12,314,172 13,901,419 15,272,483 14,803,029 74,698,425 32,123,682 21,810,847 9,105,620
Totals	\$ 159,120,000	\$ 47,211,674	\$ 206,331,674

School Loan Revolving Fund

The School Loan Revolving Fund represents amounts borrowed from the State of Michigan School Loan Revolving Program to supplement property tax revenue for making payments on the District's general obligation bonds. Although interest accrues each year, no payment is due until such time as the District's property tax revenue is sufficient to support the debt service requirements on the general obligation bonds. Changes to the School Loan Revolving Fund for the year ended June 30, 2023, are as follows:

	Principal		Interest		Total
Beginning balance Additions Deductions	\$	24,252,774 - (2,234,173)	\$ 38,805 819,216 (815,827)	\$	24,291,579 819,216 (3,050,000)
Ending balance	\$	22,018,601	\$ 42,194	\$	22,060,795

Advance Refunding

During 2023, the District used \$20,740,000 of 2023 School Building and Site and Refunding Bonds to purchase U.S. government securities that were placed in an escrow fund for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt service payments of the District's 2013 Refunding Bonds of \$22,905,000 and issuing costs of the bonds. As a result of the refunding, the bonds are considered defeased and the liability has been removed from the statement of position. The refunding resulted in a savings of \$167,342 and an economic gain of \$627,684 over the next ten years. The defeased bonds were then called prior to year-end.

Employee Severance Plan

The District has an Employee Severance Plan with teachers and administrators. Plan participants shall receive a severance incentive of \$1,333, per month for a period of five years. At June 30, 2023, 24 retirees were receiving or eligible to begin receiving the severance incentive. The total severance incentive liability at June 30, 2023 was \$757,688.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are typically liquidated by the general fund. The total outstanding compensated absences at June 30, 2023 was \$468,482.

Notes to Financial Statements

10. STATE AID NOTE PAYABLE

During the year, the District financed certain of its operations through the issuances of State Aid Anticipation Notes. These notes were issued for terms of less than one year, and accordingly are recorded as liabilities of the respective funds from which they were issued. The District borrowed \$800,000 with an interest rate of 1.97% and a maturity date of July 20, 2023. Additionally, the District borrowed \$1,000,000 with an interest rate of 1.99% and a maturity date of August 21, 2023.

Changes in short-term state aid notes for the year ended June 30, 2023, were as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Additions		Deductions		Ending Balance	
State aid note	\$	1,358,710	\$	1,834,204	\$	(2,056,732)	\$	1,136,182

11. LEASES

Lessee - The District is involved in several agreements as a lessee that qualify as long-term lease agreements. Below is a summary of the nature of these agreements. These agreements qualify as intangible, right-to-use assets and not a financed purchase, as the District will not own the asset at the end of the contract term and the noncancelable term of the agreement surpasses one year.

The right-to-use-assets and the related activity are included in Note 6, Capital Assets. The lease liability and related activity are presented in Note 9, Bonds, Loans and Other Long-term Liabilities.

Asset Type	Remaining Term of Agreements
Equipment	1-4 years
arough the lease are summarized as fol	llows:

The assets acquired through the lease are summarized as follows:

Equipment	\$ 111,323
Less accumulated amortization	 (26,385)
	\$ 84,938

The net present value of future minimum payments as of June 30, 2023, were as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	F	Principal	Interest
2024		22.242	4.050
2024	\$	22,940	\$ 1,060
2025		19,370	590
2026		7,865	279
2027		2,754	135
2028		2,370	38
Total	\$	55,299	\$ 2,102

Notes to Financial Statements

Lessor - The District is involved in two agreements as a lessor that qualifies as long-term lease agreements. Below is a summary of these agreements. These agreements qualify as long-term lease agreements as the District will not surrender control of the assets at the end of the term and the noncancelable term of the agreement surpasses one year. Total lease revenue for the year ended June 30, 2023 was \$30,550.

	Asset Type		Remaining Term of Agreements				
	Build	Buildings		3-5 years			
		Beginning Balance	A	dditions	Dec	ductions	Ending Balance
Leases receivable		\$ -	\$	135,868	\$	(29,040)	\$ 106,828

12. NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS

The composition of net investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2023, was as follows:

Capital assets:	
Capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 5,190,509
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized, net	148,633,305
	153,823,814
Related debt:	
Capital related bonds and other long-term liabilities outstanding	159,175,299
Unamortized bond premium	4,653,007
Unamortized bond discount	(77,282)
Unspent bonded capital projects proceeds	(25,966,589)
Deferred charge on refunding	(1,293,268)
	136,491,167
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 17,332,647

13. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss in conducting its operations, from property and casualty, theft, damage to various tort and liability claims and worker's compensation claims. The District limits its exposure to such claims through its participation in and payments of premiums to SET-SEG, Inc. Insurance Trust. The pool maintains a loss fund and is also required by the terms of the participation agreement to obtain insurance and reinsurance as necessary.

The terms of the participation agreement with the pool indicate that, should losses of the pool incurred in a given coverage period exceed the loss fund and the aggregate excess reinsurance, the fund may access its member districts on a pro-rata basis to cover excess losses. In past years the loss fund has exceeded the amount necessary to maintain prudent loss reserves, resulting in annual premium refunds to member districts. The District's management believes that participation in this pool provides sufficient coverage to protect the district from significant adverse financial impact.

Notes to Financial Statements

14. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes levied by the District are collected by various municipalities and periodically remitted to the District. The taxes are levied as of July 1 and December 1, and are due upon receipt of the billing by the taxpayer. The actual due dates are September 14, and February 14, after which time the bills become delinquent and penalties and interest may be assessed by the collecting entity. District property tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent that they result in current receivables (collected within sixty days after year end). Amounts received subsequent to August 31 are recognized as revenue when collected.

The District received reduced property tax revenues during 2023 as a result of industrial facilities tax exemptions (IFT's) agreements entered into by cities, villages, townships, and authorities within the District boundaries.

The IFT's were entered into based upon the Plant Rehabilitation and Industrial Developments Districts Act (known as the Industrial Facilities Exemption), PA 198 of 1974, as amended. IFT's provide a tax incentive to manufacturers to enable renovation and expansion of aging facilities, assist in the building of new facilities, and to promote the establishment of high-tech facilities. Properties qualifying for IFT status are taxed at 50% of the millage rate applicable to other real and personal property within the District boundaries. The abatements were not material to the District for the fiscal year.

15. PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLANS

Plan Description

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (the "System" or MPSERS) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (the "State") originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. The board consists of twelve members - eleven appointed by the Governor and the State Superintendent of Instruction, who serves as an ex-officio member.

The System's pension plan was established by the State to provide retirement, survivor and disability benefits to public school employees. In addition, the System's health plan provides all retirees with the option of receiving health, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act (1980 PA 300 as amended).

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS) within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State Treasurer serves as the investment officer and custodian for the System.

The System's financial statements are available at the ORS website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

Notes to Financial Statements

Pension Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit (DB) pension plan. Depending on the plan option selected, member retirement benefits are determined by final average compensation, years of service, and a pension factor ranging from 1.25% to 1.50%. DB members are eligible to receive a monthly benefit when they meet certain age and service requirements. The System also provides disability and survivor benefits to DB plan members.

A DB member plan member who leaves Michigan public school employment may request a refund of his or her member contributions to the retirement system account if applicable. A refund cancels a former member's rights to future benefits. However, returning members who previously received a refund of their contributions may reinstate their service through repayment of the refund upon satisfaction of certain requirements.

Participants in the defined contribution plan consist of one of the following: (1) members who worked for a Michigan public school on or after September 4, 2012 and elected to be enrolled in the defined contribution plan; (2) members who elected to transfer from the defined benefit plan to the defined contribution plan under the reform (P.A. 300) of 2012; or (3) members who worked for a Michigan public school on or after February 1, 2018 and did not elect participation in the Pension Plus 2 plan. Members who worked for a Michigan public school on or after September 4, 2012 and elected to be enrolled in the defined contribution plan receive a 100% match of the member contribution rate up to a maximum of 3% based on the member's gross earnings. Additionally, there is a mandatory employer contribution of 4% of the member's gross earnings for MPSERS members who elected to convert from a Basic or MIP benefit plan to the defined contribution benefit plan. Members electing the Pension Plus or Pension Plus 2 benefit plan receive a 50% match of the member's contribution percent up to a maximum of 1% based on the member's gross earnings. Effective October 1, 2017, there is a mandatory employer contribution of 4% of the member's gross earnings for members who elect the Defined Contribution benefit plan. The employer must match 100% of the employee contribution for any member who elected the Personal Healthcare Fund up to a maximum of 2% of the member's gross earnings. For all members with a Personal Health Care Fund (PHF), the first 2% of DC contributions must go into the PHF and must be matched 100% by the employer.

Other Postemployment Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions of the postemployment healthcare plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions. Retirees have the option of health coverage, which, through 2012, was funded on a cash disbursement basis. Beginning fiscal year 2013, it is funded on a prefunded basis. The System has contracted to provide the comprehensive group medical, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by the System with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree healthcare recipient. For members who first worked before July 1, 2008, (Basic, MIP-Fixed, and MIP Graded plan members) the subsidy is the maximum allowed by statute. To limit future liabilities of Other Postemployment Benefits, members who first worked on or after July 1, 2008 (MIP-Plus plan members) have a graded premium subsidy based on career length where they accrue credit towards their insurance premiums in retirement, not to exceed the maximum allowable by statute. Public Act 300 of 2012 sets the maximum subsidy at 80% beginning January 1, 2013; 90% for those Medicare eligible and enrolled in the insurances as of that date. Dependents are eligible for healthcare coverage if they meet the dependency requirements set forth in Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended.

Notes to Financial Statements

Public Act 300 of 2012 granted all active members of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System, who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012 or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their retirement healthcare. Any changes to a member's healthcare benefit are effective as of the member's transition date, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between continuing the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare and keeping the premium subsidy benefit described above, or choosing not to pay the 3% contribution and instead opting out of the subsidy benefit and becoming a participant in the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF), a portable, tax-deferred fund that can be used to pay healthcare expenses in retirement. Participants in the PHF are automatically enrolled in a 2% employee contribution into their 457 account as of their transition date, earning them a 2% employer match into a 401(k) account. Members who selected this option stop paying the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare as of the day before their transition date, and their prior contributions were deposited into their 401(k) account.

Contributions

Employers are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of active and retired members. Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

Employer contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The portion of this cost allocated to the current valuation year is called the normal cost. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis. The unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liability as of the September 30, 2021 valuation will be amortized over an 17-year period beginning October 1, 2021 and ending September 30, 2038.

The table below summarizes pension contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2023:

Benefit Structure	Member Rates	Employer Rates
Basic	0.00% - 4.00%	20.14% - 20.16%
Member Investment Plan (MIP)	3.00% - 7.00%	20.14% - 20.16%
Pension Plus	3.00% - 6.40%	17.22% - 17.24%
Pension Plus 2	6.20%	19.93% - 19.95%
Defined Contribution	0.00%	13.73% - 13.75%

For the year ended June 30, 2023, required and actual contributions from the District to the pension plan were \$12,546,674, which included \$5,766,215, the amount received from the State and remitted to the System to fund the MPSERS unfunded actuarial accrued liability ("UAAL") stabilization rate. In addition, the District had additional contributions of \$3,358,174, which was a one-time, state payment toward the MPSERS unfunded liability.

Notes to Financial Statements

The table below summarizes OPEB contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2023:

Benefit Structure	Member Rates	Employer Rates
Premium Subsidy	3.00%	8.07% - 8.09%
Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF)	0.00%	7.21% - 7.23%

For the year ended June 30, 2023, required and actual contributions from the District to the OPEB plan were \$2,795,974.

The table below summarizes defined contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2023:

Benefit Structure	Member Rates	Employer Rates
Defined Contribution	0.00% - 3.00%	0.00% - 7.00%
Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF)	0.00% - 2.00%	0.00% - 2.00%

For the year ended June 30, 2023, required and actual contributions from the District for those members with a defined contribution benefit were \$259,820.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$133,458,132 for its proportionate share of the MPSERS net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from September 2021. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was determined by dividing each employer's statutorily required pension contributions to the system during the measurement period by the percent of pension contributions required from all applicable employers during the measurement period. At September 30, 2022, the District's proportion was 0.35486%, which was a decrease of 0.02016% from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2021.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$15,399,430. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of		Deferred Inflows		et Deferred Outflows Inflows) of Resources
	Resources	of Resources			Resources
Differences between expected and					
actual experience	\$ 1,335,047	\$	298,398	\$	1,036,649
Changes in assumptions	22,932,889		-		22,932,889
Net difference between projected and actual					
earnings on pension plan investments	312,959		-		312,959
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate					
share of contributions	931,869		5,803,510		(4,871,641)
	25,512,764		6,101,908		19,410,856
District contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date	15,219,592		-		15,219,592
Total	\$ 40,732,356	\$	6,101,908	\$	34,630,448

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Amount
2024 2025 2026 2027	\$ 5,848,698 3,564,740 2,864,450 7,132,968
Total	\$ 19,410,856

Notes to Financial Statements

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$7,148,438 for its proportionate share of the MPSERS net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from September 2021. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was determined by dividing each employer's statutorily required OPEB contributions to the system during the measurement period by the percent of OPEB contributions required from all applicable employers during the measurement period. At September 30, 2022, the District's proportion was 0.33750% which was a decrease of 0.03092% from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized negative OPEB expense of \$(2,981,870). At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	0	Deferred utflows of Resources		erred Inflows f Resources	(et Deferred Outflows Inflows) of Resources
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	\$		- \$	14,001,051	\$	(14,001,051)
Changes in assumptions	•	6,371,632	•	518,815	•	5,852,817
Net difference between projected and actual				•		
earnings on OPEB plan investments		558,707		-		558,707
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate						
share of contributions		471,296		2,171,508		(1,700,212)
		7,401,635		16,691,374		(9,289,739)
District contributions subsequent to the						
measurement date		2,476,627		-		2,476,627
Total	\$	9,878,262	\$	16,691,374	\$	(6,813,112)

Notes to Financial Statements

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Amount
2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 Thereafter	\$ (2,901,287) (2,675,897) (2,572,223) (628,395) (446,763) (65,174)
Total	\$ (9,289,739)

Actuarial Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. The total pension and OPEB liabilities in the September 30, 2021 actuarial valuation were determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age, normal
Wage inflation rate	2.75%
Investment rate of return:	
MIP and Basic plans (non-hybrid)	6.00%
Pension Plus plan (hybrid)	6.00%
Pension Plus 2 plan (hybrid)	6.00%
OPEB plans	6.00%
Projected salary increases	2.75% - 11.55%, including wage inflation at 2.75%
Cost of living adjustments	3% annual non-compounded for MIP members
Healthcare cost trend rate	Pre-65: 7.75% Year 1 graded to 3.5% Year 15; 3.0% Year 120
	Post-65: 5.25% Year 1 graded to 3.5% Year 15; 3.0% Year 120
Mortality	RP-2014 Male and Female Employee Annuitant Mortality Tables,
	adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017
	from 2006. For retirees, the tables were scaled by 82% for males and
	78% for females. For active members, 100% of the table rates were
	used for both males and females.

Notes to Financial Statements

Other OPEB assumptions:

Opt-out assumptions 21% of eligible participants hired before July 1, 2008 and 30% of those

hired after June 30, 2008 are assumed to opt-out of the retiree health

plan.

Survivor coverage 80% of male retirees and 67% of female retirees are assumed to have

coverages continuing after the retiree's death.

Coverage election at retirement 75% of male and 60% of female future retirees are assumed to elect

coverage for 1 or more dependents.

Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the period 2012 through 2017 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual pension and OPEB valuations beginning with the September 30, 2018 valuation. The total pension and OPEB liabilities as of September 30, 2022, are based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2021, and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures, including the experience study. The recognition period for pension liabilities is 4.3922 years which is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees. The recognition period for OPEB liabilities is 6.2250 years which is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees. The recognition period for assets is 5 years.

Changes in assumptions. The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2024 employer contributions decreased from 2.5% to 2.0%. Additionally, the discount rate used in the September 30, 2021 actuarial valuation decreased to 6.00% for the MIP and Basic plans, 6.00% for the Pension Plus Plan, and 6.00% for OPEB.

Notes to Financial Statements

Long-term Expected Return on Pension Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2022, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return	Expected Money- Weighted Rate of Return
Domestic equity pools	25.00%	4.77%	1.19%
Private equity pools	16.00%	8.13%	1.30%
International equity pools	15.00%	6.26%	0.94%
Fixed income pools	13.00%	-0.19%	-0.02%
Real estate and infrastructure pools	10.00%	4.95%	0.50%
Absolute return pools	9.00%	2.52%	0.23%
Real return/opportunistic pools	10.00%	5.42%	0.54%
Short-term investment pools	2.00%	-0.47%	-0.01%
	100.00%		4.67%
Inflation			2.20%
Risk adjustment			-0.87%
Investment rate of return			6.00%

Notes to Financial Statements

Long-term Expected Return on OPEB Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the OPEB plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2022, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return	Expected Money- Weighted Rate of Return
Domestic equity pools	25.00%	4.77%	1.19%
Private equity pools	16.00%	8.13%	1.30%
International equity pools	15.00%	6.26%	0.94%
Fixed income pools	13.00%	-0.19%	-0.02%
Real estate and infrastructure pools	10.00%	4.95%	0.50%
Absolute return pools	9.00%	2.52%	0.23%
Real return/opportunistic pools	10.00%	5.42%	0.54%
Short-term investment pools	2.00%	-0.47%	-0.01%
	100.00%		4.67%
Inflation			2.20%
Risk adjustment			-0.87%
Investment rate of return			6.00%

Rate of Return

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments, net of pension and OPEB plan investment expense, was -4.18% and -4.99%, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Notes to Financial Statements

Discount Rate

A discount rate of 6.00% was used to measure the total pension and OPEB liabilities. This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments of 6.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine these discount rates assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension and OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension and OPEB liabilities.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.00%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher:

	1% Decrease (5.00%)	Current Discount Rate (6.00%)	1	.% Increase (7.00%)
District's proportionate share of				
the net pension liability	\$ 176,115,154	\$ 133,458,132	\$	98,306,825

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.00%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher:

	1	% Decrease (5.00%)	Di	Current scount Rate (6.00%)	1	.% Increase (7.00%)
District's proportionate share of						
the net OPEB liability	\$	11,990,817	\$	7,148,438	\$	3,070,554

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the assumed trend rates, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher:

	19	% Decrease	 Current althcare Cost Frend Rate	1% Increase		
District's proportionate share of						
the net OPEB liability	\$	2,993,424	\$ 7,148,438	\$	11,812,523	

Notes to Financial Statements

Pension and OPEB Plans Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension and OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MPSERS financial statements available on the State of Michigan Office of Retirement Services website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a payable of \$2,371,079 for the outstanding amount of pension contributions to the Plan required for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Payable to the OPEB Plan

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a payable of \$284,753 for the outstanding amount of OPEB contributions to the Plan required for the year ended June 30, 2023.

16. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

State Aid Notes

On August 21, 2023, the District issued state aid note Series 2023A-1 in the amount of \$1,200,000 with an interest rate of 3.46%, which the District will pay in set asides beginning in January of 2024 through July of 2024, maturing on July 22, 2024.

17. CORONAVIRUS (COVID-19)

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the novel coronavirus outbreak (COVID-19) to be a global pandemic. While the pandemic has resulted in an increase in the demands on the District to deliver education to students in a safe environment, the Federal Government has also provided significant resources to help mitigate the impacts of COVID-19. Over the past three years, the District has been awarded funds from various sources to be used to respond to the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic. Of the amount awarded, approximately \$4.5 million was expended and recognized as revenue during the current fiscal year. With these additional Federal resources, at this time management does not believe that the negative financial impact of the pandemic, if any, would be material to the District.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required Supplementary Information

MPSERS Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

	Year Ended June 30,			
	2023	2022	2021	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 133,458,132	\$ 88,787,688	\$ 131,183,239	
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.35486%	0.37502%	0.38189%	
District's covered payroll	\$ 32,588,245	\$ 33,105,470	\$ 33,632,795	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	409.53%	268.20%	390.05%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	60.77%	72.60%	59.72%	

Year Ended June 30,												
2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		
\$ 124,030,886	\$	109,999,840	\$	94,649,187	\$	92,473,137	\$	89,141,993	\$	29,774,310		
0.37453%		0.36591%		0.36524%		0.37065%		0.36496%		0.34914%		
\$ 32,976,188	\$	31,191,135	\$	30,190,630	\$	31,388,251	\$	30,328,646	\$	29,194,362		
376.12%		352.66%		313.51%		294.61%		293.92%		263.44%		
60.31%		62.36%		64.21%		63.27%		63.17%		66.20%		

Required Supplementary Information

MPSERS Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan Schedule of the District's Pension Contributions

	Year Ended June 30,					
		2023		2022		2021
Statutorily required contribution	\$	12,546,674	\$	12,787,970	\$	11,146,481
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contributions		(12,546,674)		(12,787,970)		(11,146,481)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$	
District's covered payroll	\$	35,204,175	\$	32,503,327	\$	32,869,189
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		35.64%		39.34%		33.91%

Year Ended June 30,											
2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015	
\$ 10,498,631	\$	9,961,613	\$	10,667,512	\$	8,268,908	\$	7,040,585	\$	5,422,819	
 (10,498,631)		(9,961,613)		(10,667,512)		(8,268,908)		(7,040,585)		(5,422,819)	
\$ 	\$		\$		\$		\$	-	\$		
\$ 34,007,875	\$	33,122,787	\$	31,420,218	\$	30,067,167	\$	30,296,972	\$	29,888,253	
30.87%		30.07%		33.95%		27.50%		23.24%		18.14%	

Required Supplementary Information

MPSERS Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Plan
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Other Postemployment Benefit Liability

	Year Ended June 30,					
		2023	2022			2021
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	7,148,438	\$	5,623,427	\$	20,387,278
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.33750%		0.36842%		0.38055%
District's covered payroll	\$	32,588,245	\$	33,105,470	\$	33,632,795
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		21.94%		16.99%		60.62%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		83.09%		87.33%		59.44%

Υ	ear	Ended June 30),	
2020		2019		2018
\$ 27,125,338	\$	29,157,660	\$	32,295,942
0.37791%		0.36681%		0.36470%
\$ 32,976,188	\$	31,191,135	\$	30,190,630
82.26%		93.48%		106.97%
48.46%		42.95%		36.39%

Required Supplementary InformationMPSERS Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Plan Schedule of the District's Other Postemployment Benefit Contributions

	Year Ended June 30,					
		2023		2022		2021
Statutorily required contribution	\$	2,795,974	\$	2,618,722	\$	2,777,561
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contributions		(2,795,974)		(2,618,722)		(2,777,561)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$	
District's covered payroll		35,204,175		32,503,327	\$	32,869,189
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		7.94%		8.06%		8.45%

Year Ended June 30,										
2020		2019		2018						
\$ 2,750,410	\$	2,603,936	\$	2,318,954						
 (2,750,410)		(2,603,936)		(2,318,954)						
\$ 	\$		\$	-						
\$ 34,007,875	\$	33,122,787	\$	31,420,218						
8.09%		7.86%		7.38%						

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Pension Information

GASB 68 was implemented in fiscal year 2015. The pension plan schedules are being built prospectively. Ultimately, 10 years of data will be presented.

The amounts presented in the schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability were determined as of September 30 of the preceding year (the plan year).

The significant changes in assumptions for each of the fiscal years ended June 30 were as follows:

- 2023 The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2024 employer contributions decreased from 2.5% to 2.0%. Additionally, the discount rate used in the September 30, 2021 actuarial valuation decreased to 6.00% for the MIP and Basic plans, and 6.00% for the Pension Plus Plan.
- 2022 The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2023 employer contributions decreased from 3.0% to 2.5%.
- 2021 The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2022 employer contributions decreased from 3.5% to 3.0%.
- 2020 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuation decreased to 6.80% for the MIP and Basic plans, 6.80% for the Pension Plus Plan, and 6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 Plan.
- 2019 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2017 actuarial valuation decreased to 7.05% for the MIP and Basic plans, 7.00% for the Pension Plus plan, and 6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 plan.
- 2018 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2016 actuarial valuation decreased to 7.50% for the MIP and Basic plans and 7.00% for the Pension Plus plan.

OPEB Information

GASB 75 was implemented in fiscal year 2018. The OPEB plan schedules are being built prospectively. Ultimately, 10 years of data will be presented.

The amounts presented in the schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability were determined as of September 30 of the preceding year (the plan year).

The significant changes in assumptions for each of the fiscal years ended June 30 were as follows:

- 2023 The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2024 employer contributions decreased from 2.5% to 2.0%. Additionally, the discount rate used in the September 30, 2021 actuarial valuation decreased to 6.00%.
- 2022 The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2023 employer contributions decreased from 3.0% to 2.5%. The healthcare cost trend rate used in the September 30, 2020 actuarial valuation increased to 7.75%.
- 2021 The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2022 employer contributions decreased from 3.5% to 3.0%. The healthcare cost trend rate used in the September 30, 2019 actuarial valuation decreased to 7.0%.
- 2020 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuation decreased to 6.95%.
- 2019 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2017 actuarial valuation decreased to 7.15%.

COMBINING FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	Special Revenue Funds	De	ebt Service Funds	Cap	2019 Dital Projects Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accounts receivable Due from other funds Due from other governments Inventory	\$ 295,678 1,804,812 3,328 - 21,245 43,161	\$	664 186,771 500 - 179	\$	- 347,268 - 47,195 - -	\$	296,342 2,338,851 3,828 47,195 21,424 43,161	
Total assets	\$ 2,168,224	\$	188,114	\$	394,463	\$	2,750,801	
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Salaries and benefits payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$ 626 3,231 6,179 47,195 94,712	\$	- - - -	\$	26,796 - - - -	\$	27,422 3,231 6,179 47,195 94,712	
Total liabilities	151,943				26,796		178,739	
Fund balances Nonspendable Restricted Committed	43,161 1,182,010 791,110		- 188,114 -		- 367,667 -		43,161 1,737,791 791,110	
Total fund balances	2,016,281		188,114		367,667		2,572,062	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 2,168,224	\$	188,114	\$	394,463	\$	2,750,801	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Funds	2019 Capital Projects Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Revenues					
Local sources:					
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ 15,177,761	\$ -	\$ 15,177,761	
Revenue in lieu of taxes	-	13,991	-	13,991	
Earnings on investments	39,271	154,997	49,075	243,343	
Food sales	1,295,618	-	-	1,295,618	
Other local sources	2,150,476	-	-	2,150,476	
State sources	165,592	-	-	165,592	
Federal sources	1,664,598			1,664,598	
Total revenues	5,315,555	15,346,749	49,075	20,711,379	
Expenditures					
Food service	2,889,369	_	_	2,889,369	
Student operations	40,723	_	_	40,723	
Student activities	2,138,725	_	_	2,138,725	
Debt service:	2,130,723			2,133,723	
Principal	-	11,484,173	_	11,484,173	
Interest and fiscal charges	-	3,922,468	_	3,922,468	
Bond issuance costs	-	295,672	_	295,672	
Capital outlay	252,787	-	1,301,406	1,554,193	
Tatal annual diamas	F 224 CO4	15 702 212	1 201 400	22 225 222	
Total expenditures	5,321,604	15,702,313	1,301,406	22,325,323	
Revenue under expenditures	(6,049)	(355,564)	(1,252,331)	(1,613,944)	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Issuance of long-term debt	-	20,740,000	_	20,740,000	
Premium on issuance of long-term debt	-	2,734,681	_	2,734,681	
Payment to escrow agent	-	(23,178,345)	_	(23,178,345)	
Transfers out	(160,066)			(160,066)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(160,066)	296,336		136,270	
Net change in fund balances	(166,115)	(59,228)	(1,252,331)	(1,477,674)	
Fund balances, beginning of year	2,182,396	247,342	1,619,998	4,049,736	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 2,016,281	\$ 188,114	\$ 367,667	\$ 2,572,062	

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2023

	Food Service		Student Operations		International Programs		Student Activities		Total
Assets					J				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 87,252	\$	135,998	\$	-	\$	72,428	\$	295,678
Investments	1,221,956		-		-		582,856		1,804,812
Accounts receivable	3,328		-		-		-		3,328
Due from other governments	21,245		-		-		-		21,245
Inventory	 31,155		12,006						43,161
Total assets	\$ 1,364,936	\$	148,004	\$	-	\$	655,284	\$	2,168,224
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$ 454	\$	172	\$	-	\$	-	\$	626
Accrued liabilities	3,231		-		-		-		3,231
Salaries and benefits payable	6,179		-		-		-		6,179
Due to other funds	47,195		-		-		-		47,195
Unearned revenue	 94,712								94,712
Total liabilities	151,771		172				-		151,943
Fund balances									
Nonspendable -									
Inventory	31,155		12,006		-		-		43,161
Restricted for food service	1,182,010		-		-		-		1,182,010
Committed for:									
Student activities	-		-		-		655,284		655,284
Student operations	 		135,826		-		-		135,826
Total fund balances	 1,213,165		147,832				655,284		2,016,281
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,364,936	\$	148,004	\$		\$	655,284	\$	2,168,224

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund BalancesNonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Food		Student		ernational		Student		
_		Service	Op	perations	Pr	ograms	P	Activities		Total
Revenues										
Local sources:	_		_		_		_		_	
Earnings on investments	\$	39,271	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	39,271
Food sales		1,295,618		-		-		-		1,295,618
Other local sources		1,401		40,545		-		2,108,530		2,150,476
State sources		165,592		-		-		-		165,592
Federal sources		1,664,598						-		1,664,598
Total revenues		3,166,480		40,545				2,108,530		5,315,555
Expenditures										
Salaries		899,604		-		-		-		899,604
Benefits		494,207		-		-		-		494,207
Purchased services		50,016		2,124		-		-		52,140
Supplies and materials		1,427,832		36,409		-		2,138,725		3,602,966
Capital outlay		252,787		-		-		-		252,787
Other		17,710		2,190				-		19,900
Total expenditures		3,142,156		40,723				2,138,725		5,321,604
Revenues over (under) expenditures		24,324		(178)		-		(30,195)		(6,049)
Other financing uses										
Transfers out		(100,000)				(60,066)				(160,066)
Net change in fund balances		(75,676)		(178)		(60,066)		(30,195)		(166,115)
Fund balances, beginning of year		1,288,841		148,010		60,066		685,479		2,182,396
Fund balances, end of year	\$	1,213,165	\$	147,832	\$		\$	655,284	\$	2,016,281

Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Debt Service Funds June 30, 2023

	2013 Debt Service		2016 Debt Service		2017 Debt Service	
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Investments		-		-		-
Accounts receivable		-		-		-
Due from other governments				-		-
Total assets	\$	_	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	
Fund balances						
Restricted for debt service	\$		\$	-	\$	-

2019 Debt Service	2020 Debt Service	2021 Debt Service	2023 Debt Service	Total
\$ - - - -	\$ 186,771 500 179	\$ - - - -	\$ 664 - - -	\$ 664 186,771 500 179
\$ -	\$ 187,450	\$ 	\$ 664	\$ 188,114
\$ -	\$ 187,450	\$ 	\$ 664	\$ 188,114

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and

Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Debt Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	2013 Debt Service		2016 Debt Service		2017 Debt Service	
Revenues						
Local sources:						
Property taxes	\$	1,969,258	\$	1,523,673	\$	265,938
Revenue in lieu of taxes		-		-		-
Earnings on investments		141,722				-
Total revenues		2,110,980		1,523,673		265,938
Expenditures						
Debt service:						
Principal		1,850,000		1,230,000		-
Interest and fiscal charges		508,322		293,673		265,938
Bond issuance costs						
Total expenditures		2,358,322		1,523,673		265,938
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(247,342)				
Other financing sources (uses)						
Issuance of long-term debt		-		-		-
Premium on issuance of long-term debt		-		-		-
Payment to escrow agent						
Total other financing sources (uses)						
Net change in fund balances		(247,342)		-		-
Fund balances, beginning of year		247,342				
Fund balances, end of year	\$		\$	_	\$	<u>-</u>

2019 Debt Service	2020 Debt Service	2021 Debt Service	2023 Debt Service	Total
	000 1000	52.1.00	2011100	
\$ 2,108,149 - -	\$ 6,260,743 13,991 13,275	\$ 3,050,000	\$ - - -	\$ 15,177,761 13,991 154,997
2,108,149	6,288,009	3,050,000	-	15,346,749
1,690,000	4,480,000	2,234,173	-	11,484,173
418,149	1,620,559	815,827	-	3,922,468
 -			295,672	295,672
2,108,149	6,100,559	3,050,000	295,672	15,702,313
 	187,450		(295,672)	(355,564)
-	-	-	20,740,000 2,734,681	20,740,000 2,734,681
-	-	- -	(23,178,345)	(23,178,345)
-			296,336	296,336
 -	187,450	-	664	(59,228)
<u> </u>				247,342
\$ 	\$ 187,450	\$ -	\$ 664	\$ 188,114

Other Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

Schedule of Outstanding Bonded Indebtedness

2016 Refunding Bonds - Series A

Original amount of issue: \$ 8,465,000 Interest rate: 5.00%

	Princ	Principal Payments		rest Payments	Total Fiscal Year	
Year Ended June 30,	November 1st, May 1st		November 1st, May 1st		Requirements	
2024 2025	\$	2,440,000 2,515,000	\$	216,875 93,875	\$	2,656,875 2,608,875
	\$	4,955,000	\$	310,750	\$	5,265,750

Other Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

Schedule of Outstanding Bonded Indebtedness

2017 Building and Site Bonds

Original amount of issue: \$ 10,930,000 Interest rate: \$ 3.00% to 3.38%

	Principal Payments	Interest Payments	Total Fiscal Year
Year Ended June 30,	November 1st, May 1st	November 1st, May 1st	Requirements
2024	\$ -	\$ 265,438	\$ 265,438
2025	-	265,438	265,438
2026	-	265,438	265,438
2027	-	265,438	265,438
2028	-	265,438	265,438
2029	-	265,438	265,438
2030	-	265,438	265,438
2031	-	265,438	265,438
2032	-	265,438	265,438
2033	-	265,438	265,438
2034	525,000	262,438	787,438
2035	525,000	246,688	771,688
2036	525,000	230,938	755,938
2037	540,000	215,188	755,188
2038	555,000	198,988	753,988
2039	575,000	181,769	756,769
2040	590,000	163,800	753,800
2041	605,000	145,363	750,363
2042	625,000	125,825	750,825
2043	645,000	105,513	750,513
2044	670,000	83,869	753,869
2045	690,000	61,256	751,256
2046	715,000	37,969	752,969
2047	510,000	13,838	523,838
	\$ 8,295,000	\$ 4,727,822	\$ 13,022,822

Other Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

Schedule of Outstanding Bonded Indebtedness

2019 Building and Site Bonds

Original amount of issue: \$ 11,605,000 Interest rate: \$ 3.00% to 5.00%

	Pri	ncipal Payments	nents Interest Payments		Total F	iscal Year
Year Ended June 30,		May 1st	Nove	mber 1st, May 1st	Requi	rements
2024	\$	1,520,000	\$	338,969	\$	1,858,969
2025		-		300,969		300,969
2026		-		300,969		300,969
2027		-		300,969		300,969
2028		-		300,969		300,969
2029		-		300,969		300,969
2030		-		300,969		300,969
2031		-		300,969		300,969
2032		-		300,969		300,969
2033		370,000		300,969		670,969
2034		-		289,869		289,869
2035		390,000		283,531		673,531
2036		420,000		270,369		690,369
2037		435,000		256,203		691,203
2038		450,000		241,269		691,269
2039		465,000		225,538		690,538
2040		480,000		208,700		688,700
2041		500,000		190,938		690,938
2042		515,000		172,541		687,541
2043		535,000		153,510		688,510
2044		545,000		133,594		678,594
2045		570,000		112,688		682,688
2046		590,000		90,938		680,938
2047		1,095,000		64,031		1,159,031
2048		1,035,000		19,406		1,054,406
	\$	9,915,000	\$	5,760,815	\$ 1	15,675,815

Other Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

Schedule of Outstanding Bonded Indebtedness

2020 Refunding Bonds

Original amount of issue: \$ 96,640,000 Interest rate: 1.00% to 2.31%

	Principal Payments Interes		nterest Payments	Tot	al Fiscal Year	
Year Ended June 30,	Nover	mber 1st, May 1st	Nov	November 1st, May 1st		quirements
2024	\$	3,670,000	\$	1,575,615	\$	5,245,615
2025		5,325,000		1,538,790		6,863,790
2026		8,000,000		1,484,912		9,484,912
2027		8,135,000		1,385,226		9,520,226
2028		8,295,000		1,271,022		9,566,022
2029		8,475,000		1,134,425		9,609,425
2030		8,730,000		943,366		9,673,366
2031		9,000,000		763,576		9,763,576
2032		9,220,000		587,058		9,807,058
2033		9,575,000		403,466		9,978,466
2034		10,355,000		203,201		10,558,201
	\$	88,780,000	\$	11,290,657	\$	100,070,657

Other Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

Schedule of Outstanding Bonded Indebtedness

2023 School Building and Site and Refunding Bonds
Original amount of issue: \$ 47,175,000
Interest rate: 4.125% to 5.000%

	Principal Payments	Interest Payments	Total Fiscal Year
Year Ended June 30,	November 1st, May 1st	November 1st, May 1st	Requirements
2024	\$ -	\$ 2,275,100	\$ 2,275,100
2025	-	2,275,100	2,275,100
2026	1,600,000	2,250,100	3,850,100
2027	3,050,000	2,135,850	5,185,850
2028	2,680,000	1,990,600	4,670,600
2029	3,530,000	1,820,350	5,350,350
2030	4,895,000	1,609,725	6,504,725
2031	2,310,000	1,429,600	3,739,600
2032	2,300,000	1,314,350	3,614,350
2033	2,255,000	1,200,475	3,455,475
2034	1,000,000	1,144,100	2,144,100
2035	2,100,000	1,069,100	3,169,100
2036	2,130,000	965,850	3,095,850
2037	2,240,000	859,100	3,099,100
2038	2,450,000	746,850	3,196,850
2039	1,880,000	626,100	2,506,100
2040	2,495,000	516,725	3,011,725
2041	2,625,000	395,834	3,020,834
2042	2,735,000	285,284	3,020,284
2043	2,875,000	168,406	3,043,406
2044	2,025,000	43,031	2,068,031
	\$ 47,175,000	\$ 25,121,630	\$ 72,296,630

SINGLE AUDIT ACT COMPLIANCE

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

October 11, 2023

Board of Education Anchor Bay School District Casco Township, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Anchor Bay School District (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated October 11, 2023, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditure of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.



**** 313.202.7400

Rehmann Loharn LLC

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Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Number		Assistance Listing	Passed	Pass-through / Grantor	Approved Awards
Child Nutrition Cluster: Seamless Summer Option (SSO) Breakfast: 2021-2022 10.553 MDE 221971 843,795 School Breakfast Program: 2022-2023 10.553 MDE 221970 24,253 2022-2023 10.553 MDE 231970 263,059 Seamless Summer Option (SSO) Lunch - 2021-2022 10.555 MDE 221961 2,582,792 Supply Chain Assistance: 2022-2023 10.555 MDE 220910 104,994 2022-2023 10.555 MDE 230910 53,241 National School Lunch Program: 2022-2023 10.555 MDE 230910 53,241 National School Lunch Program: 2022-2023 10.555 MDE 231960 917,125 National School Snack Program - After Scho	Federal Agency / Cluster / Program Title		Through	Number	
Child Nutrition Cluster: Seamless Summer Option (SSO) Breakfast: 2021-2022 10.553 MDE 221971 843,795 School Breakfast Program: 2022-2023 10.553 MDE 221970 24,253 2022-2023 10.553 MDE 231970 263,059 Seamless Summer Option (SSO) Lunch - 2021-2022 10.555 MDE 221961 2,582,792 Supply Chain Assistance: 2022-2023 10.555 MDE 220910 104,994 2022-2023 10.555 MDE 230910 53,241 National School Lunch Program: 2022-2023 10.555 MDE 230910 53,241 National School Lunch Program: 2022-2023 10.555 MDE 231960 917,125 National School Snack Program - After Scho					
Child Nutrition Cluster: Seamless Summer Option (SSO) Breakfast: 2021-2022 10.553 MDE 221971 843,795 School Breakfast Program: 2022-2023 10.553 MDE 231970 24,253 2022-2023 10.553 MDE 231970 263,059 Seamless Summer Option (SSO) Lunch- 2021-2022 10.555 MDE 221961 2,582,792 Supply Chain Assistance: 2022-2023 10.555 MDE 220910 104,994 2022-2023 10.555 MDE 230910 53,241 National School Lunch Program: 2022-2023 10.555 MDE 230910 53,241 National School Lunch Program: 2022-2023 10.555 MDE 231960 102,828 2022-2023 10.555 MDE 231960 917,125 National School Snack Program- After School Snack 10.555 MDE 231980 757 Entitlement commodities (non-cash) 10.555 MDE N/A 179,959 Entitlement commodities (non-cash) 10.555 MDE N/A 14,956 Total Child Nutrition Cluster School Breakfast Expansion 10.579 MDE 221995 10,000 COVID-19 Pandemic EBT Local Level Costs 10.649 MDE 220980 3,135 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture U.S. Department of Education Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies: Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs 84.010 MDE 221530-2122 225,377					
Seamless Summer Option (SSO) Breakfast: 2021-2022	Local Food for Schools	10.185	MDE	230985	\$ 26,832
Seamless Summer Option (SSO) Breakfast: 2021-2022	Child Nutrition Cluster:				
2021-2022	Seamless Summer Option (SSO) Breakfast:				
School Breakfast Program: 2022-2023	. , ,	10.553	MDE	221971	843.795
2022-2023	School Breakfast Program:			-	,
Seamless Summer Option (SSO) Lunch - 2021-2022 10.555 MDE 221961 2,582,792	_	10.553	MDE	221970	24,253
2021-2022 10.555 MDE 221961 2,582,792 Supply Chain Assistance: 2022-2023 10.555 MDE 220910 104,994 2022-2023 10.555 MDE 230910 53,241 National School Lunch Program: 2022-2023 10.555 MDE 221960 102,828 2022-2023 10.555 MDE 231960 917,125 National School Snack Program - 4fter School Snack 10.555 MDE 231980 757 Entitlement commodities (non-cash) 10.555 MDE N/A 179,959 Entitlement commodities Bonus (non-cash) 10.555 MDE N/A 14,956 Total Child Nutrition Cluster School Breakfast Expansion 10.579 MDE 221995 10,000 COVID-19 Pandemic EBT Local Level Costs 10.649 MDE 220980 3,135 Total U.S. Department of Education Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies: Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs 84.010 MDE 221530-2122 225,377	2022-2023	10.553	MDE	231970	
2021-2022 10.555 MDE 221961 2,582,792 Supply Chain Assistance: 2022-2023 10.555 MDE 220910 104,994 2022-2023 10.555 MDE 230910 53,241 National School Lunch Program: 2022-2023 10.555 MDE 221960 102,828 2022-2023 10.555 MDE 231960 917,125 National School Snack Program - 4fter School Snack 10.555 MDE 231980 757 Entitlement commodities (non-cash) 10.555 MDE N/A 179,959 Entitlement commodities Bonus (non-cash) 10.555 MDE N/A 14,956 Total Child Nutrition Cluster School Breakfast Expansion 10.579 MDE 221995 10,000 COVID-19 Pandemic EBT Local Level Costs 10.649 MDE 220980 3,135 Total U.S. Department of Education Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies: Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs 84.010 MDE 221530-2122 225,377					
Supply Chain Assistance: 2022-2023 10.555 MDE 220910 104,994 2022-2023 10.555 MDE 230910 53,241 National School Lunch Program:	Seamless Summer Option (SSO) Lunch -				
10.555 MDE 220910 104,994 2022-2023 10.555 MDE 230910 53,241 National School Lunch Program:	2021-2022	10.555	MDE	221961	2,582,792
National School Lunch Program: 2022-2023	Supply Chain Assistance:				
National School Lunch Program: 2022-2023 10.555 MDE 221960 102,828 2022-2023 10.555 MDE 231960 917,125 National School Snack Program - After School Snack 10.555 MDE 231980 757 Entitlement commodities (non-cash) 10.555 MDE N/A 179,959 Entitlement commodities Bonus (non-cash) 10.555 MDE N/A 14,956 Total Child Nutrition Cluster School Breakfast Expansion 10.579 MDE 221995 10,000 COVID-19 Pandemic EBT Local Level Costs 10.649 MDE 220980 3,135 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture U.S. Department of Education Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies: Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs 84.010 MDE 221530-2122 225,377	2022-2023	10.555	MDE	220910	104,994
2022-2023 10.555 MDE 221960 102,828 2022-2023 10.555 MDE 231960 917,125 National School Snack Program -	2022-2023	10.555	MDE	230910	53,241
2022-2023 10.555 MDE 231960 917,125 National School Snack Program - After School Snack 10.555 MDE 231980 757 Entitlement commodities (non-cash) 10.555 MDE N/A 179,959 Entitlement commodities Bonus (non-cash) 10.555 MDE N/A 14,956 Total Child Nutrition Cluster School Breakfast Expansion 10.579 MDE 221995 10,000 COVID-19 Pandemic EBT Local Level Costs 10.649 MDE 220980 3,135 Total U.S. Department of Education Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies: Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs 84.010 MDE 221530-2122 225,377	National School Lunch Program:				
National School Snack Program - After School Snack 10.555 MDE 231980 757 Entitlement commodities (non-cash) 10.555 MDE N/A 179,959 Entitlement commodities Bonus (non-cash) 10.555 MDE N/A 14,956 Total Child Nutrition Cluster School Breakfast Expansion 10.579 MDE 221995 10,000 COVID-19 Pandemic EBT Local Level Costs 10.649 MDE 220980 3,135 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture U.S. Department of Education Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies: Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs 84.010 MDE 221530-2122 225,377	2022-2023	10.555	MDE	221960	102,828
After School Snack 10.555 MDE 231980 757 Entitlement commodities (non-cash) 10.555 MDE N/A 179,959 Entitlement commodities Bonus (non-cash) 10.555 MDE N/A 14,956 Total Child Nutrition Cluster School Breakfast Expansion 10.579 MDE 221995 10,000 COVID-19 Pandemic EBT Local Level Costs 10.649 MDE 220980 3,135 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture U.S. Department of Education Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies: Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs 84.010 MDE 221530-2122 225,377	2022-2023	10.555	MDE	231960	917,125
Entitlement commodities (non-cash) Entitlement commodities Bonus (non-cash) Entitlement commodities Bonus (non-cash) Total Child Nutrition Cluster School Breakfast Expansion 10.579 MDE 221995 10,000 COVID-19 Pandemic EBT Local Level Costs 10.649 MDE 220980 3,135 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture U.S. Department of Education Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies: Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs 84.010 MDE 221530-2122 225,377	National School Snack Program -				
Entitlement commodities Bonus (non-cash) 10.555 MDE N/A 14,956 Total Child Nutrition Cluster School Breakfast Expansion 10.579 MDE 221995 10,000 COVID-19 Pandemic EBT Local Level Costs 10.649 MDE 220980 3,135 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture U.S. Department of Education Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies: Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs 84.010 MDE 221530-2122 225,377	After School Snack	10.555	MDE	231980	757
Total Child Nutrition Cluster School Breakfast Expansion 10.579 MDE 221995 10,000 COVID-19 Pandemic EBT Local Level Costs 10.649 MDE 220980 3,135 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture U.S. Department of Education Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies: Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs 84.010 MDE 221530-2122 225,377		10.555	MDE	•	,
School Breakfast Expansion 10.579 MDE 221995 10,000 COVID-19 Pandemic EBT Local Level Costs 10.649 MDE 220980 3,135 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture U.S. Department of Education Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies: Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs 84.010 MDE 221530-2122 225,377	Entitlement commodities Bonus (non-cash)	10.555	MDE	N/A	14,956
School Breakfast Expansion 10.579 MDE 221995 10,000 COVID-19 Pandemic EBT Local Level Costs 10.649 MDE 220980 3,135 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture U.S. Department of Education Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies: Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs 84.010 MDE 221530-2122 225,377					
COVID-19 Pandemic EBT Local Level Costs 10.649 MDE 220980 3,135 Total U.S. Department of Agriculture U.S. Department of Education Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies: Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs 84.010 MDE 221530-2122 225,377	Total Child Nutrition Cluster				
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture U.S. Department of Education Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies: Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs 84.010 MDE 221530-2122 225,377	School Breakfast Expansion	10.579	MDE	221995	10,000
U.S. Department of Education Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies: Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs 84.010 MDE 221530-2122 225,377	COVID-19 Pandemic EBT Local Level Costs	10.649	MDE	220980	3,135
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies: Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs 84.010 MDE 221530-2122 225,377	Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies: Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs 84.010 MDE 221530-2122 225,377	II S Department of Education				
Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs 84.010 MDE 221530-2122 225,377	-				
	<u> </u>	84.010	MDF	221530-2122	225 377
	Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010	MDE	231530-2223	447,937

(Memo Only) Prior Year Expenditures	Accrued (Unearned) Revenue at July 1, 2022	Federal Funds / Payments In-Kind Received	Federal Expenditures	Accrued (Unearned) Revenue at June 30, 2023
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 26,832	\$ 26,832	\$ -
843,795	42,422	42,422	-	-
-	-	24,253	24,253	-
		263,059	263,059	
843,795	42,422	329,734	287,312	
2,582,792	86,240	86,240	-	-
-	-	104,994	104,994	-
-	-	53,241	16,700	(36,541)
-	-	102,828	102,828	-
-	-	917,125	917,125	-
-	-	757	757	-
-	-	179,959	179,959	-
		14,956	14,956	
2,582,792	86,240	1,460,100	1,337,319	(36,541)
3,426,587	128,662	1,816,666	1,651,463	(36,541)
-	-	10,000	10,000	-
		3,135	3,135	
3,426,587	128,662	1,829,801	1,664,598	(36,541)
181,368	31,121	31,121	_	-
,500	, <u>-</u>	328,508	429,238	100,730
181,368	31,121	359,629	429,238	100,730

continued...

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Federal Agency / Cluster / Program Title	Assistance Listing Number	Passed Through	Pass-through / Grantor Number	Approved Awards Amount
U.S. Department of Education (continued)				
Special Education Cluster (IDEA):				
IDEA Flow-through - carryover	84.027	MISD	210450-2021	\$ 903,832
IDEA Flow-through	84.027A	MISD	220450-2122	1,436,606
IDEA Flow-through	84.027A	MISD	230450-2223	1,862,803
COVID-19 ARP IDEA Flow-through	84.027X	MISD	221280-2122	302,689
COVID-19 ARP IDEA Flow-through carryover	84.027X	MISD	221280-2122	1,076,014
Special Education - Preschool	84.173A	MISD	220460-2122	71,878
Special Education - Preschool	84.173A	MISD	230460-2223	74,495
COVID-19 ARP Special Education - Preschool	84.173X	MISD	221285-2122	35,413
COVID-19 ARP Special Education - Preschool	84.173X	MISD	221285-2122	17,814
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)				
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States:				
2021-2022 Perkins	84.048	MISD	223520-221216	134,367
2022-2023 Perkins	84.048	MISD	233520-231216	122,934
English Language Acquisition State Grants:				
Title III, Part A - 2021-2022	84.365A	MISD	220570-2122	3,590
Title III, Part A - 2022-2023	84.365A	MISD	230570-2223	3,381
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants:				
Title II, Part A - 2021-2022	84.367A	MDE	220520-2122	196,069
Title II, Part A - 2022-2023	84.367A	MDE	230520-2223	167,580
Title IV, Part A - Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program:				
2021-2022	84.424A	MDE	220750-2122	27,730
2022-2023	84.424A	MDE	230750-2223	16,121
	J			10,121

(Memo Only) Prior Year Expenditures	Accrued (Unearned) Revenue at July 1, 2022	Federal Funds / Payments In-Kind Received	Federal Expenditures	Accrued (Unearned) Revenue at June 30, 2023
\$ 903,832	\$ 138,334	\$ 138,334	\$ -	\$ -
1,436,606	321,940	321,940	-	-
-	, -	1,303,872	1,862,803	558,931
144,865	28,198	28,198	-	-
		705,115	1,076,014	370,899
2,485,303	488,472	2,497,459	2,938,817	929,830
71,878	7,105	7,105	-	-
-	-	68,198	74,495	6,297
17,599	3,341	3,341	-	-
	-	8,836	17,814	8,978
89,477	10,446	87,480	92,309	15,275
2,574,780	498,918	2,584,939	3,031,126	945,105
134,367	52,124	52,124	-	-
-	· -	122,934	122,934	-
134,367	52,124	175,058	122,934	_
'				
2 205	40	40		
2,305	49	49	4 522	-
2 205	- 40	1,523	1,523	
2,305	49	1,572	1,523	
97,600	30,030	30,165	135	-
-	-	130,603	166,931	36,328
97,600	30,030	160,768	167,066	36,328
		, <u></u>		
26,295	119	119	-	-
-	-	14,342	15,289	947
26,295	119	14,461	15,289	947
-				

continued...

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Federal Agency / Cluster / Program Title	Assistance Listing Number	Passed Through	Pass-through / Grantor Number	Approved Awards Amount
U.S. Department of Education (concluded) COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund: Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER):				
ESSER II Formula Grant	84.425D	MDE	213712-2021	\$ 1,279,652
98c Learning Loss Grant	84.425D	MDE	213782-2223	282,065
ESSER II Credit Recovery 9-12	84.425D	MDE	213742-2122	47,300
ESSER II Before & After School Programs K-12 American Rescue Plan - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP-ESSER):	84.425D	MDE	213752-2122	25,000
COVID-19 Great Start Readiness Program	84.425U	MISD	222390-2122	135,024
ESSER III - American Rescue Plan	84.425U	MDE	213713-2122	2,875,960
ESSER III - 11t American Rescue Plan	84.425U	MDE	213723-2122	3,397,860

Total U.S. Department of Education

Total Federal Financial Assistance

See notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

Expenditures July 1, 2022 Received Expenditures June 30, 202 \$ 1,279,652 \$ 584,536 \$ - \$ - - 209,924 282,065 72,14	:
	3
	_
	11
	ŀΤ
30,352 - 16,379 16,379	-
21,079 21,079 -	-
68,018 68,018 118,625 67,006 16,39	99
20,127 20,127 1,276,185 1,578,854 322,79) 6
1,455,737 1,455,73	37
1,419,228 693,760 2,226,728 3,400,041 1,867,07	_
	_
4,435,943 1,306,121 5,523,155 7,167,217 2,950,18	33
\$ 7,862,530 \$ 1,434,783 \$ 7,352,956 \$ 8,831,815 \$ 2,913,64	12

concluded.

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of the *Anchor Bay School District* (the "District") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is described in Note 1 to the District's financial statements. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance or other applicable guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule, if any, represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Cash received is recorded on the cash basis; expenditures are recorded on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all grant requirements have been met.

The Schedule has been arranged to provide information on both actual cash received and the revenue recognized. Accordingly, the effects of accruals of accounts receivable, unearned revenue and accounts payable items at both the beginning and end of the fiscal year have been reported.

Expenditures are in agreement with amounts reported in the financial statements and the financial reports. The amounts reported on the Grant Auditor Report reconcile with this Schedule.

2. 10% DE MINIMIS COST RATE

For purposes of charging indirect costs to federal awards, the District has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis cost rate as permitted by §200.414 of the Uniform Guidance.

3. RECONCILIATION TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A reconciliation of revenues from federal sources per governmental funds financial statements and expenditures per single audit act compliance schedule of expenditures of federal awards is as follows:

Federal revenues as reported in the financial statements	\$ 10,253,227
Federal assistance to beneficiaries	 (1,421,412)
Expenditures per schedule of expenditures of federal awards	\$ 8,831,815

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

4. PASS-THROUGH AGENCIES

The District receives certain federal grants as subawards from non-federal entities. Pass-through entities, where applicable, have been identified in the Schedule with an abbreviation, defined as follows:

Pass-through Agency Abbreviation	Pass-through Agency Name
MDE MISD	Michigan Department of Education Macomb Intermediate School District

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

October 11, 2023

Board of Education Anchor Bay School District Casco Township, Michigan

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Anchor Bay School District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 11, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.



Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rehmann Loham LLC



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

October 11, 2023

Board of Education Anchor Bay School District Casco Township, Michigan

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the compliance of Anchor Bay School District (the "District") with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Independent Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.



Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Independent Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- · exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- · identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Independent Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rehmann Loham LLC

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Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

SECTION 1 - SUMMERT OF AUDITORS I	NESULIS					
Financial Statements						
Type of auditors' report issued:		<u>Unmodi</u>	<u>fied</u>			
Internal control over financial reporting	;					
Material weakness(es) identified?			_yes _	Χ	no	
Significant deficiency(ies) identified	1?		_yes	Х	none reported	
Noncompliance material to financial standard?	itements		_yes _	Х	_no	
Federal Awards						
Internal control over major programs:						
Material weakness(es) identified?			_yes _	Χ	_no	
Significant deficiency(ies) identified	1?		_yes _	Χ	_none reported	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? yes X no					no	
Identification of major programs and type of auditor's report issued on compliance for each major program:						
Assistance Listing Number	Name of Feder	al Progra	m or Cluster		Type of Report	
10.553 & 10.555 84.425	Child Nutrition Cluster Education Stabilization Fund			Unmodified Unmodified		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B progra	ms:	\$	750,000			
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		X	ves		no	

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

No matters were reported.

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

None reported.

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